

An Lightweight Infrastructure to Support Experimenting with Heterogeneous Transformations

An Application of .NET

Wolfgang Lohmann, Günter Riedewald, Thomas Zühlke
University of Rostock, Germany

Outline

- Motivation
- Example
- Trane
- OOTM
- Concluding remarks

Motivation

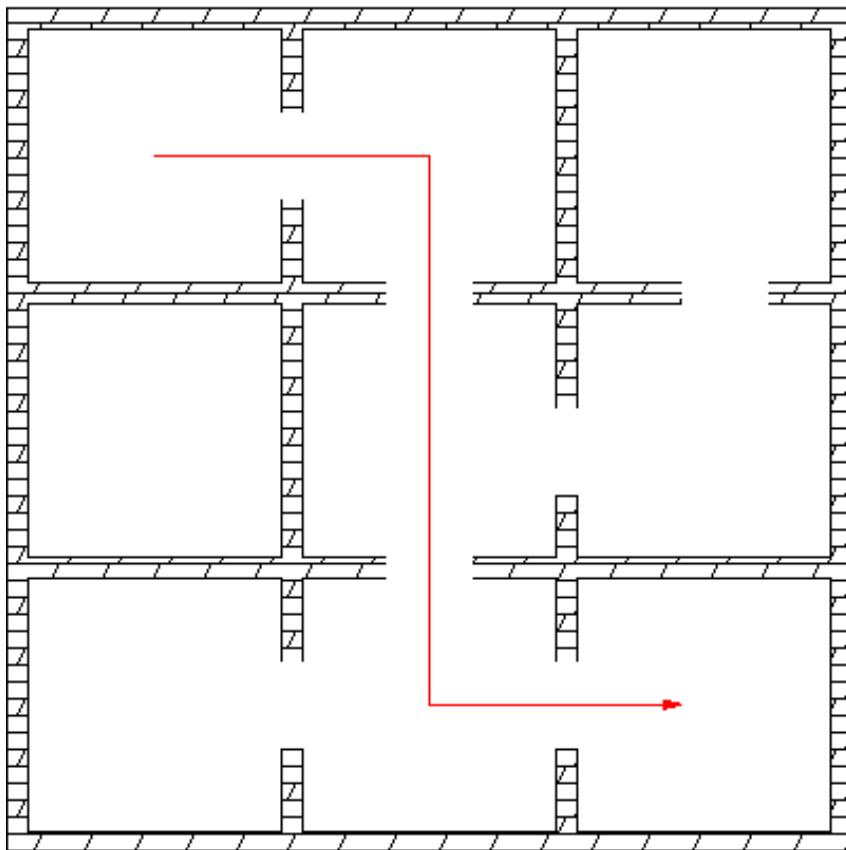
- Transformation of software $(T:I^* \rightarrow O^+)$
 - Examples: Compiler, XSLT-scripts, data format converters, source-to-source transformers, Unix tools like awk and sed
 - Applications in S2S: e.g. refactoring, maintenance, translation, software evolution through transformation
 - Complex transformations
 - often developed in explorative way
 - different combinations and sequences are compared
 - intermediate results are queried
- Support experiments

Motivation (2)

- Transformations of Language Artefacts
 - Grammars, semantic descriptions, components of language processors
 - Tools exist in and use different formats, e.g.
 - GDK, MetaEnvironment, Stratego, TXL
 - Different grammar formalisms (ATerms, EBNF, XML ..)
 - Command line tools,
 - Web services
 - Algorithms in C, Prolog
 - DLLs, Plugins for Eclipse

→ Support combination of heterogeneous transformations

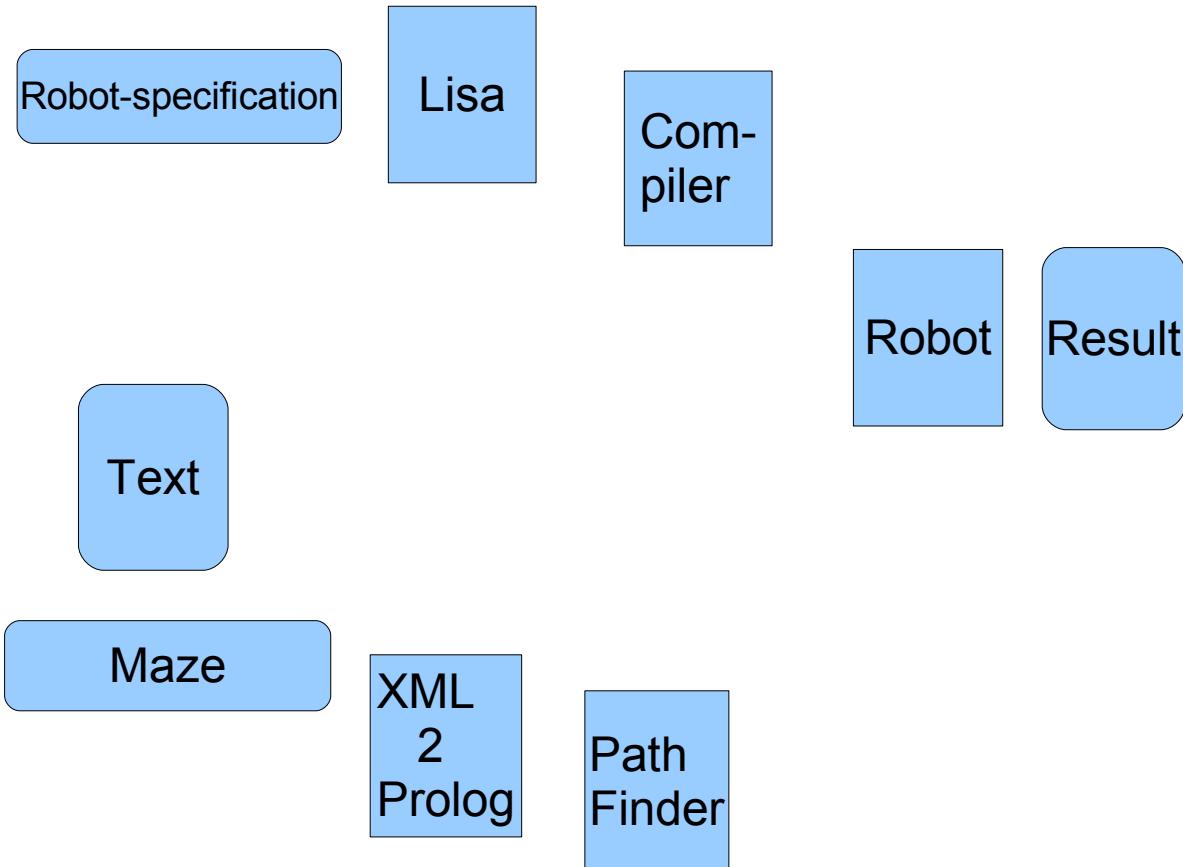
Imagine...



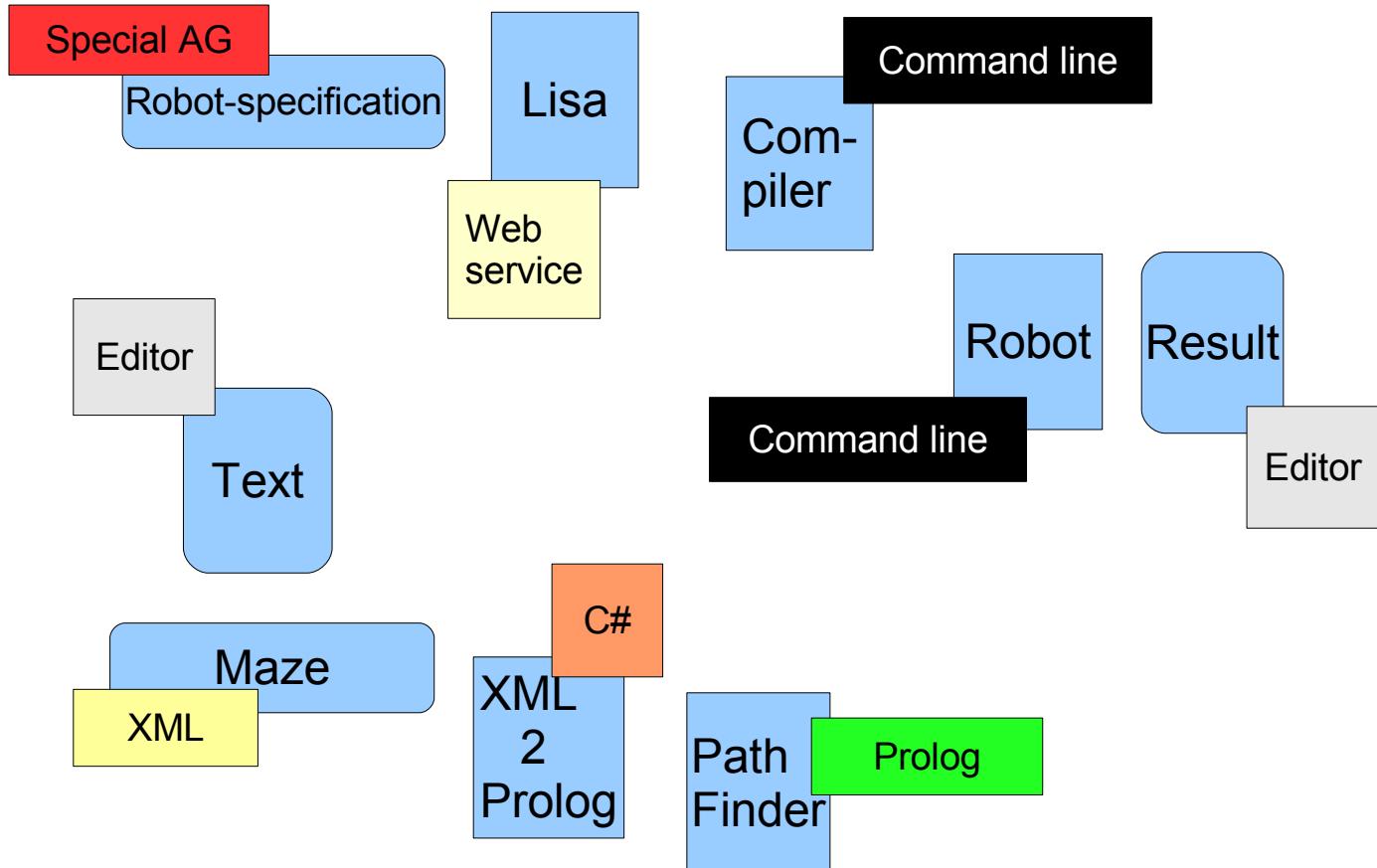
- Model of a company's building or a maze in a virtual world
- Robot to be controlled along a path
- Simple language to program robots

T : Problem → Program

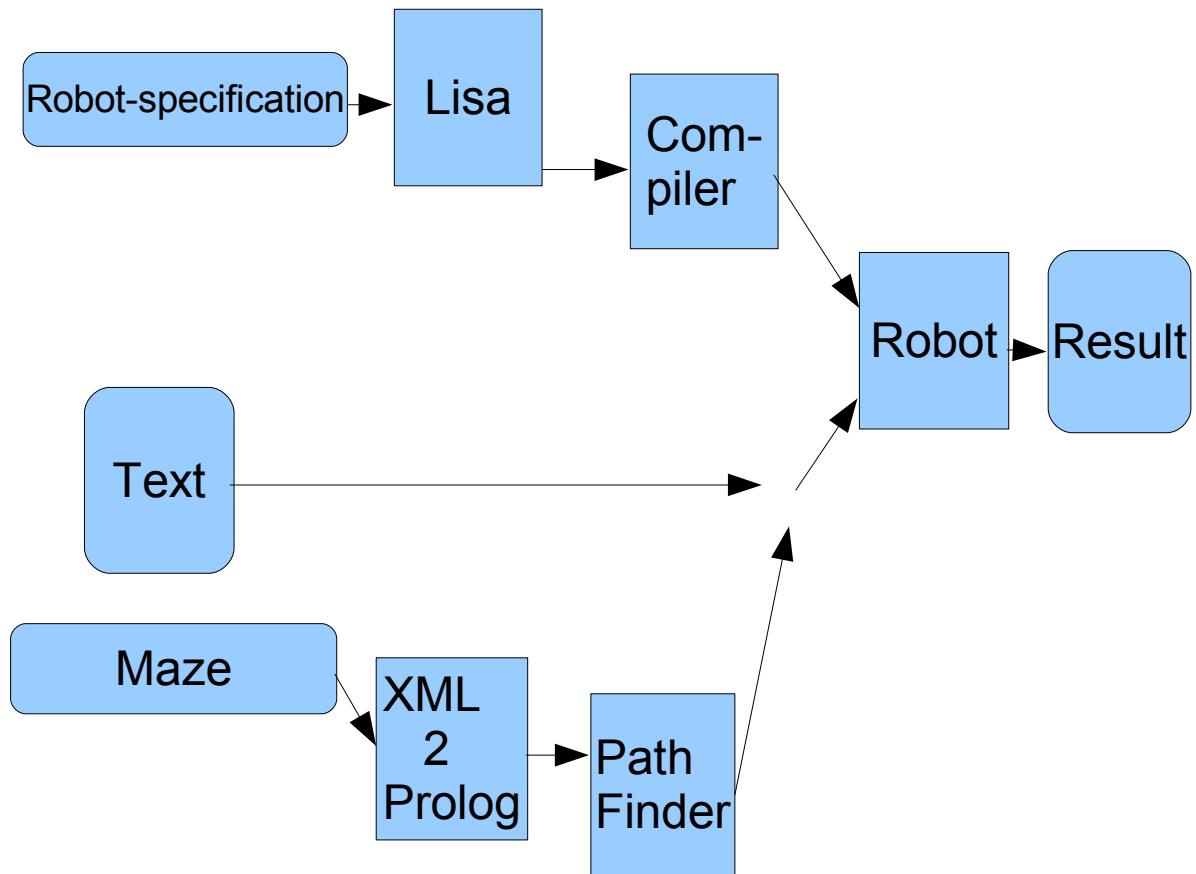
What we might have



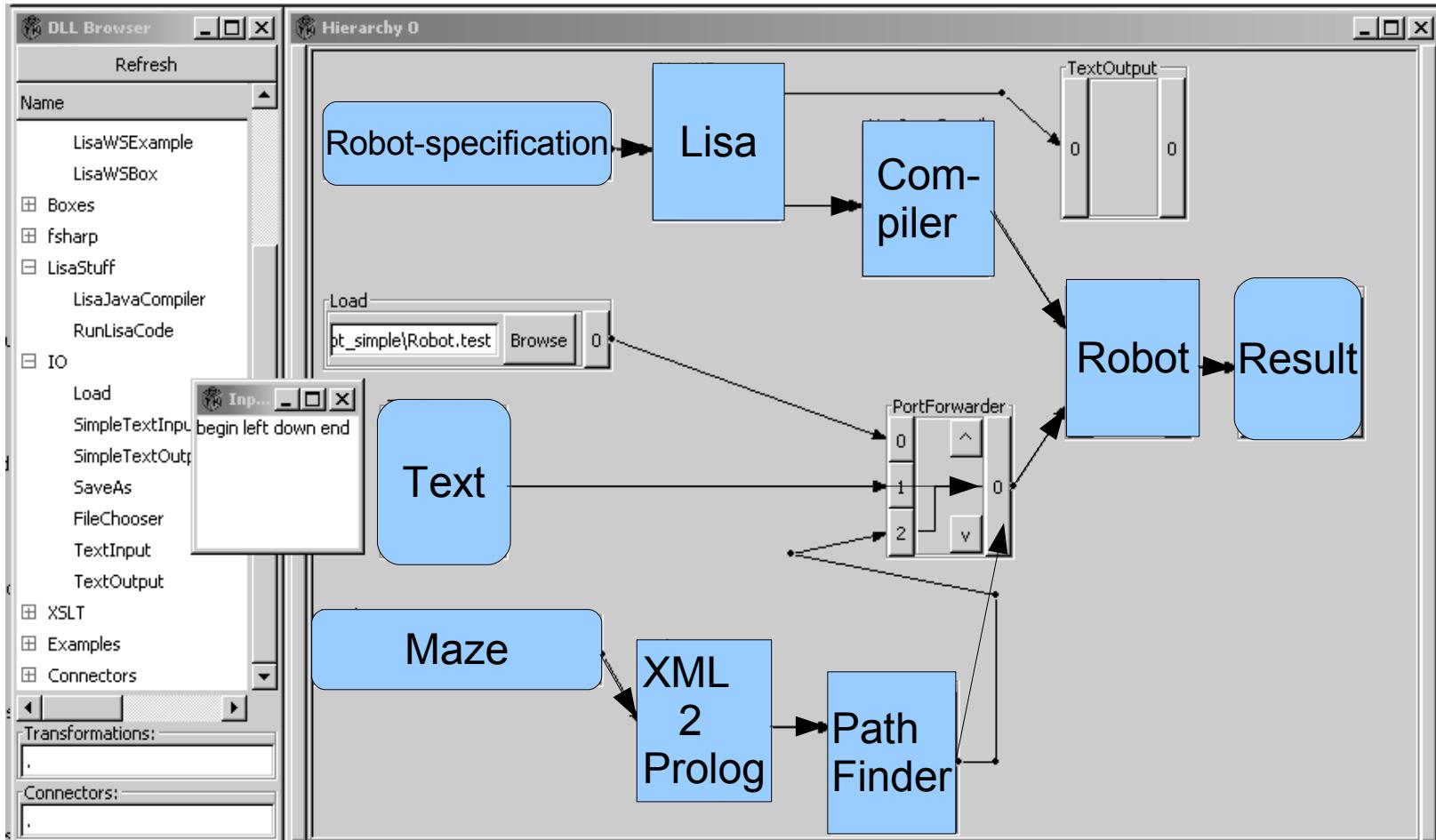
However...



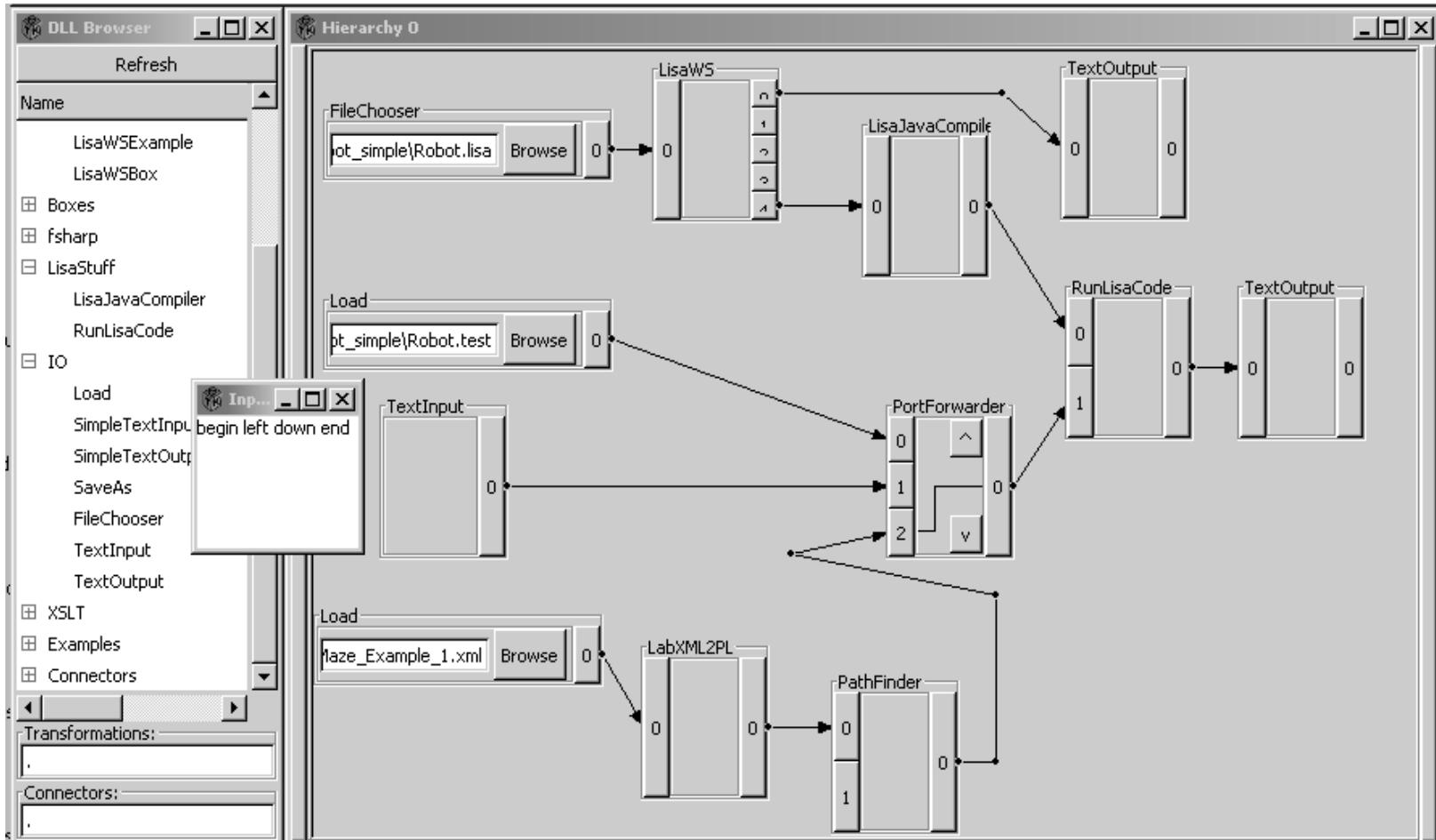
What we want to do



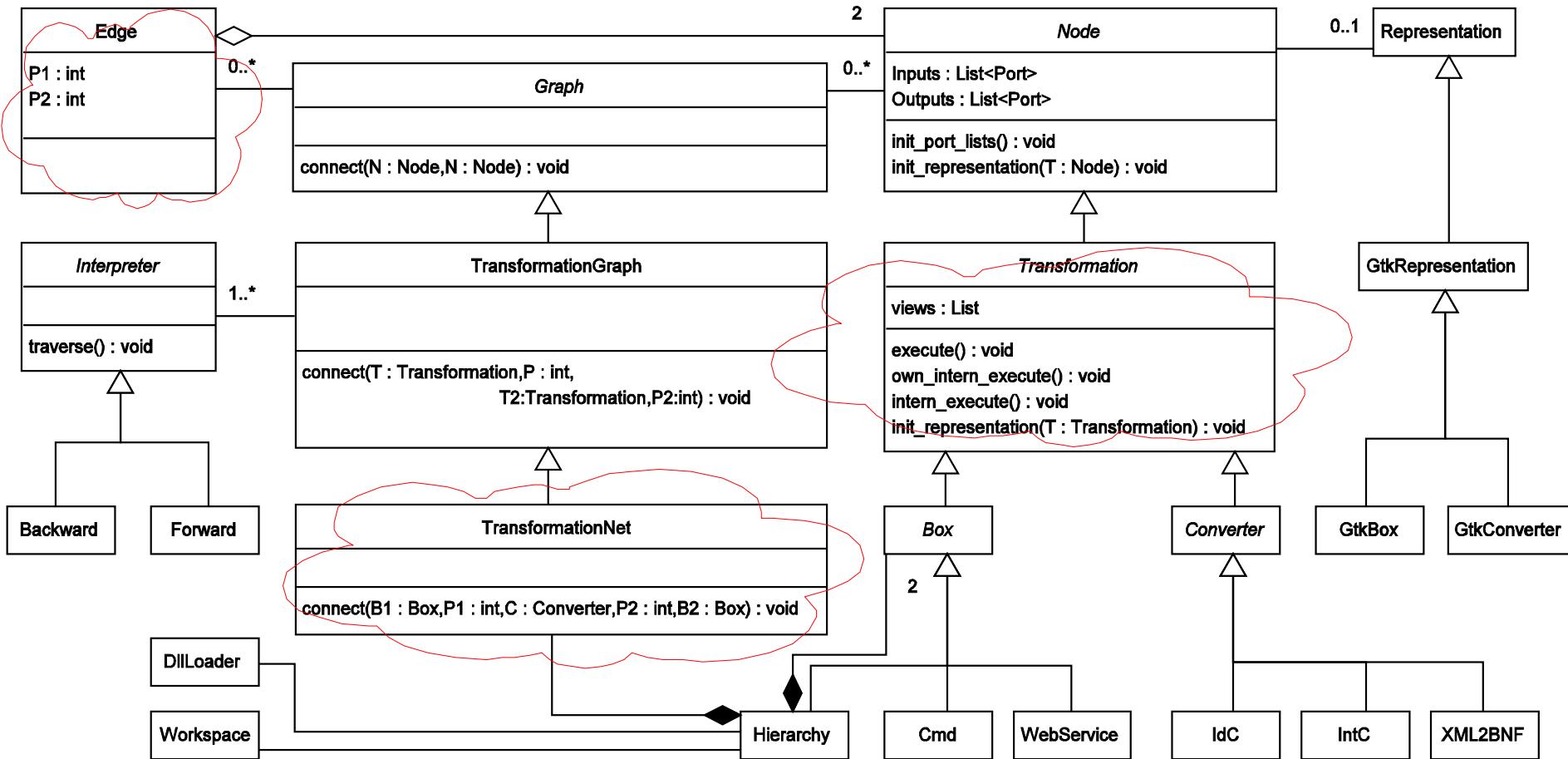
Transformation nets



Transformation nets



O-O Transformation Model



Different Kinds of Transformation, thanks to .NET

- Plain boxes : a simple C# class, which maps inputs to outputs with a function
- Web services : support for web service
- Command line tool wrappers :
`System.Diagnostics.Process`
- Foreign Language Interface : `DllImport(name)`
- XSLT : XML-support
- F# transformations : cross language inheritance
- Hierarchy-boxes: Overriding of properties

Concluding remarks

.NET, and everything is ok?

- Platform independent due to .NET?
 - Windows: MS .NET SDK, VS.NET, Gtk#, Mono,
Linux: Mono and Gtk#
 - This application has a second level of P-Dependency:
 - the wrapped transformation has to be available
 - it has to be available on the same way
 - DllImport(„plwin.dll“) vs. „libpl.so“
- Cross-Language inheritance?
 - Core with C#
 - J# on Linux? F# access to properties of lists ?
 - Renaming scheme might lead to problems, e.g. Eiffel:
AaBb becomes aa_bb

Concluding remarks

Summary

- OOTM with facilities to combine transformations and experiment, query intermediate results
- Wrapping of different 5 kinds of transformations behind a unique representation, others ?

The art is the wrapping, and this is easy due to .NET

Future Work

- Type system
 - What are types?
 - Explicite/ implicite casting
- Classification of boxes
- Usability
- Integration of Stratego, and many more boxes

Thank you!

Example: IntID-Box

```
public class IntID : Box
{
    public IntID() { }

    public override void init_port_lists()
    {
        Name = "IntID";
        Inputs.Add(new Port("int"));
        Inputs[0].data = new ValueData(0, "int");
        Outputs.Add(new Port("int"));
        Outputs[0].data = new ValueData(null, "int");
    }

    public override void execute()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("IntID-Box: start computation");
        Outputs[0].Data = Inputs[0].Data.copy();
        Console.WriteLine("IntID-Box: Done");
    }

    public override void initialise_representation()
    {
        this.Representation = Gtk_Box_Representation(this);
    }
}
```

- To create a box inherit from Box (at least from Transformation)
- Configure name, input and output ports
- Define transformation behaviour by overriding *execute*
- Define a representation (here not necessary)

```

public override void init_port_lists()
{
    Inputs.Add(new Port("string"));
    Inputs[0].data = new ValueData("", "string");
    Outputs.Add(new Port("string"));
    Outputs[0].data = new ValueData(null, "string");
}

public virtual void apply_xslt_to_input()
{
    String xml_input = (String)((Inputs[0].data.copy()).value);
    StringReader xml_input_reader = new StringReader(xml_input);

    XPathDocument xpath_document =
        new XPathDocument(xml_input_reader);
    XslCompiledTransform transformation =
        new XslCompiledTransform();
    StringReader xsl_script_reader = new StringReader(XsltScript());
    XmlTextReader xsl_script =
        new XmlTextReader(xsl_script_reader);
    transformation.Load(xsl_script);
    StringWriter xml_output_writer = new StringWriter();
    XPathNavigator document_navigator =
        xpath_document.CreateNavigator();
    transformation.Transform
        (document_navigator, null, xml_output_writer);
    Outputs[0].Data.Value = xml_output_writer.ToString();
}

public override void execute()
{
    apply_xslt_to_input();
}

```

XSLT and a derived box

```

public class LabXML2PL : Apply_xslt_to_xml
{
    protected override String XsltScript() {
        String x =
            @"<?xml version=""1.0""?>
<xsl:stylesheet version=""1.0"" xmlns:xsl=""http://www.w3.org/1999/xsl/transform"">
<xsl:output indent=""yes"" method=""text"" version=""4.0"" media=""screen""/>
<xsl:template match=""lab"">
    <xsl:apply-templates select=""room"" mode=""way-list""/>
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match=""room"" mode= ""way-list"">
    <xsl:apply-templates select=""exit""/>
</xsl:apply-templates>
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match=""exit"">
    way(<xsl:value-of select=""parent::node()/child::name""/>,
        <xsl:value-of select=""child::destination""/>,
        <xsl:value-of select=""child::direction""/>).
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
";
        Console.WriteLine("XSLT Script: {0}", x);
        return x;
    }

    public override void init_port_lists()
    {
        base.init_port_lists();
        Name = "LabXML2PL";
    }
}

```

```

using SbsSw.swi_pl_cs;
....
public PathFinder()
{
    String[] param = {"H:\\....\\bin\\Debug\\Application.exe"};
    PIEngine e = new PIEngine(1, param);
    Path_to_Knowledge_Base = write_to_tmp_file(this.trafo());
}

public override void execute()
{
    string Path_to_Application;
    string Path_to_Generated_Lab =
        write_to_tmp_file((string)Inputs[0].Data.Value);
    string Path_to_Target = (string)Inputs[1].Data.Value;
    String[] param = {"H:\\..\\bin\\Debug\\Application.exe" };
    PITermv argument_vector =
        new PITermv(new PITerm(Path_to_Knowledge_Base));
    PIQuery mq = new PIQuery("consult", argument_vector);
    bool success = mq.next_solution();
    mq.free();
    PITermv argument_vector_2 =
        new PITermv(new PITerm(Path_to_Generated_Lab));
    PIQuery consult_2 = new PIQuery("consult", argument_vector_2);
    success = consult_2.next_solution();
    consult_2.free();
    PITermv argument_vector_3 = new PITermv(2);
    argument_vector_3[0] = new PITerm(Path_to_Target);
    PIQuery trafo = new PIQuery("main", argument_vector_3);
    success = trafo.next_solution();
    Console.WriteLine(argument_vector_3[1].ToString());
    trafo.free();
    Outputs[0].Data.Value = argument_vector_3[1].ToString();
    //begin left down down right left left up end";
}
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```

Prolog

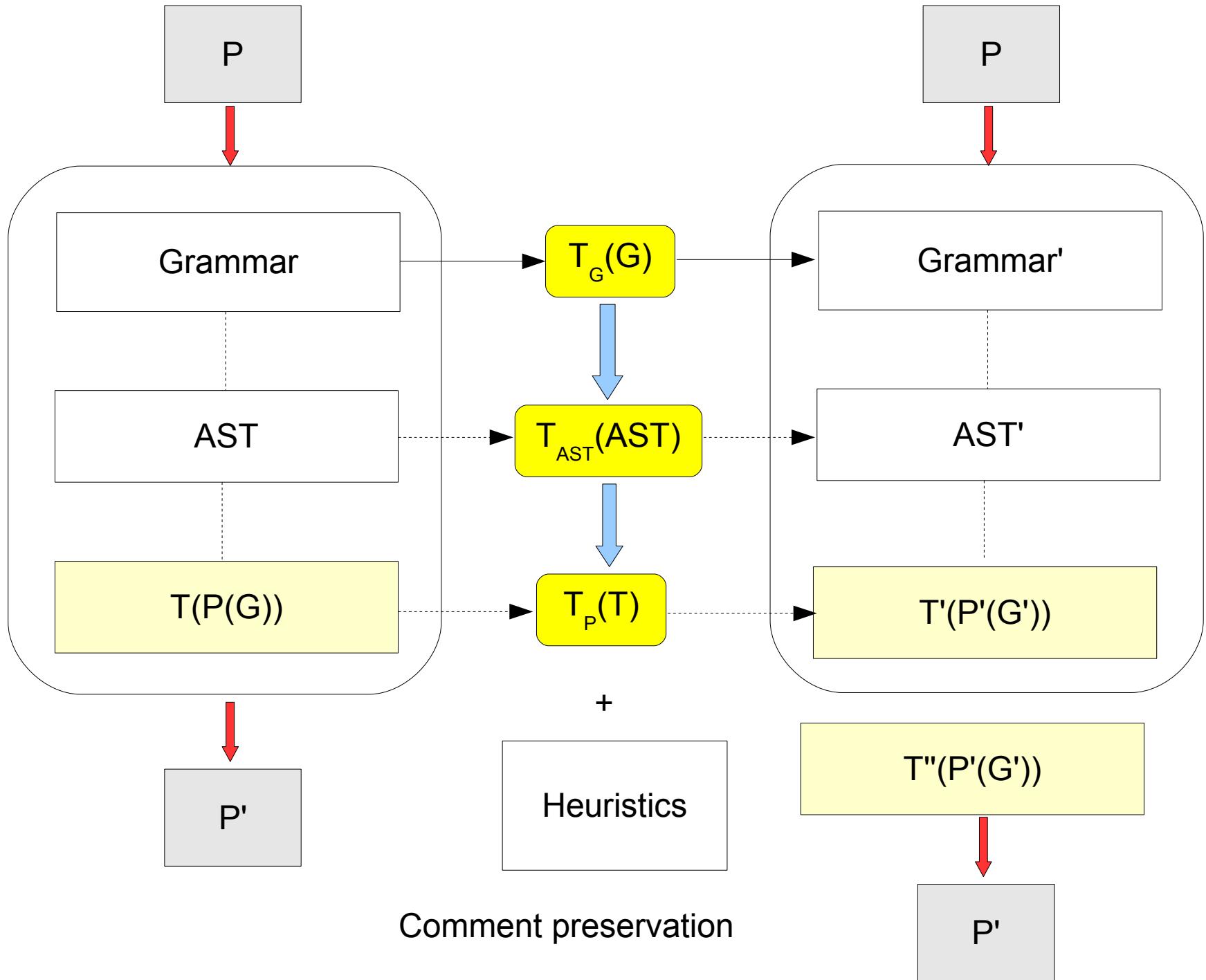
- Use Swi_pl_cs.dll
- Inherit from box
- Start Prolog Engine
- Get inputs
- Depending on the types, construct Prolog calls

```

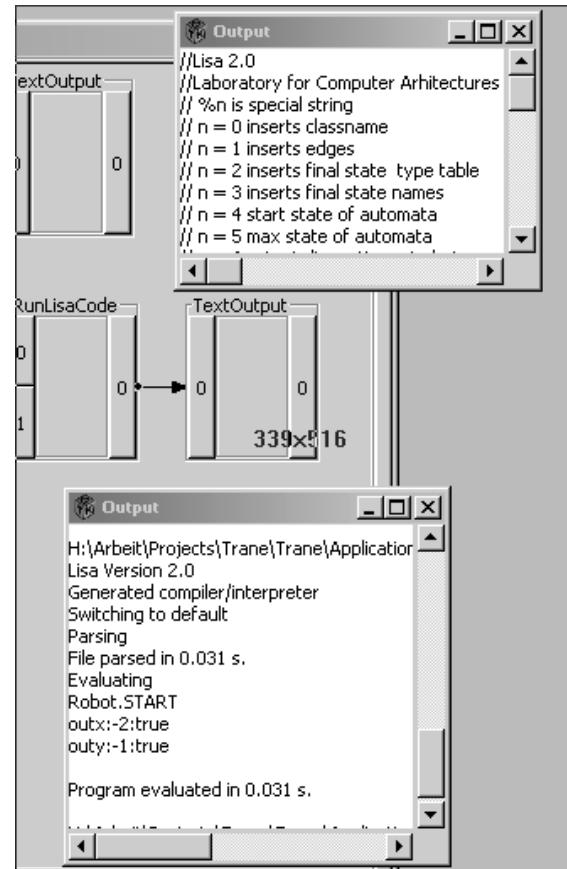
//Path_to_Knowledge_Base = System.IO.Path.GetTempFileName();
//Console.WriteLine(Path_to_Knowledge_Base);
//System.IO.FileStream fs = new System.IO.FileStream(Path_to_Knowledge_Base, System.IO.FileMode.Create);
//System.IO.StreamWriter sw = new System.IO.StreamWriter(fs);
//sw.Write (this.trafo());
//sw.Close();

// instead of input, the filename:
//string Path_to_Generated_Lab = (string)Inputs[0].Data.Value;

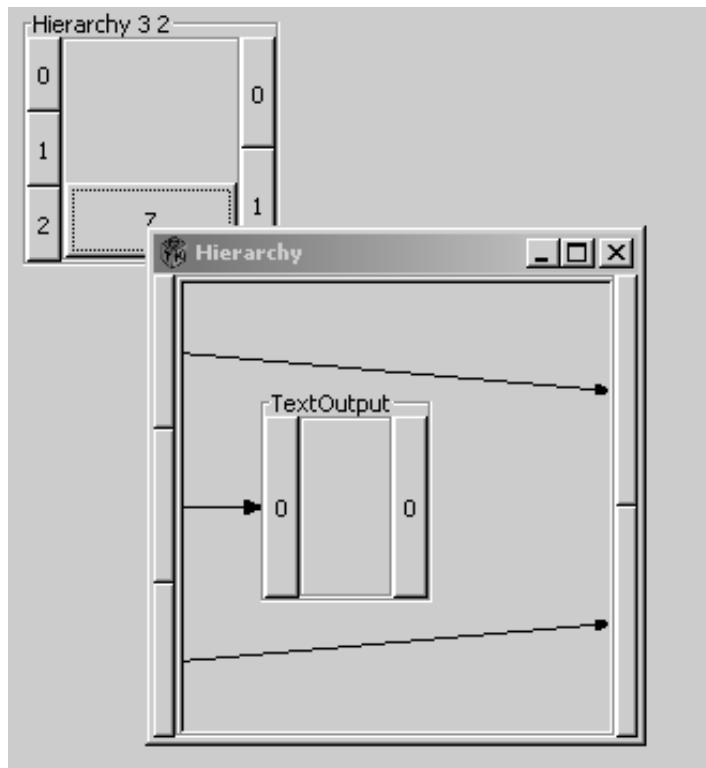
```



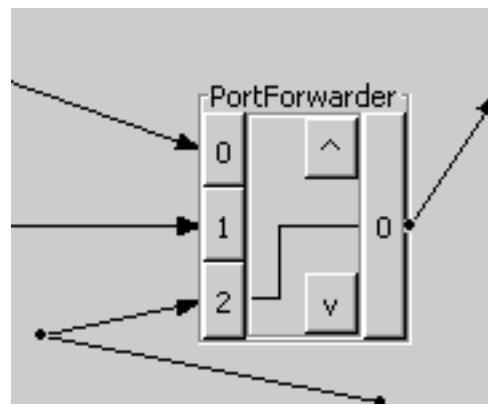
Text box



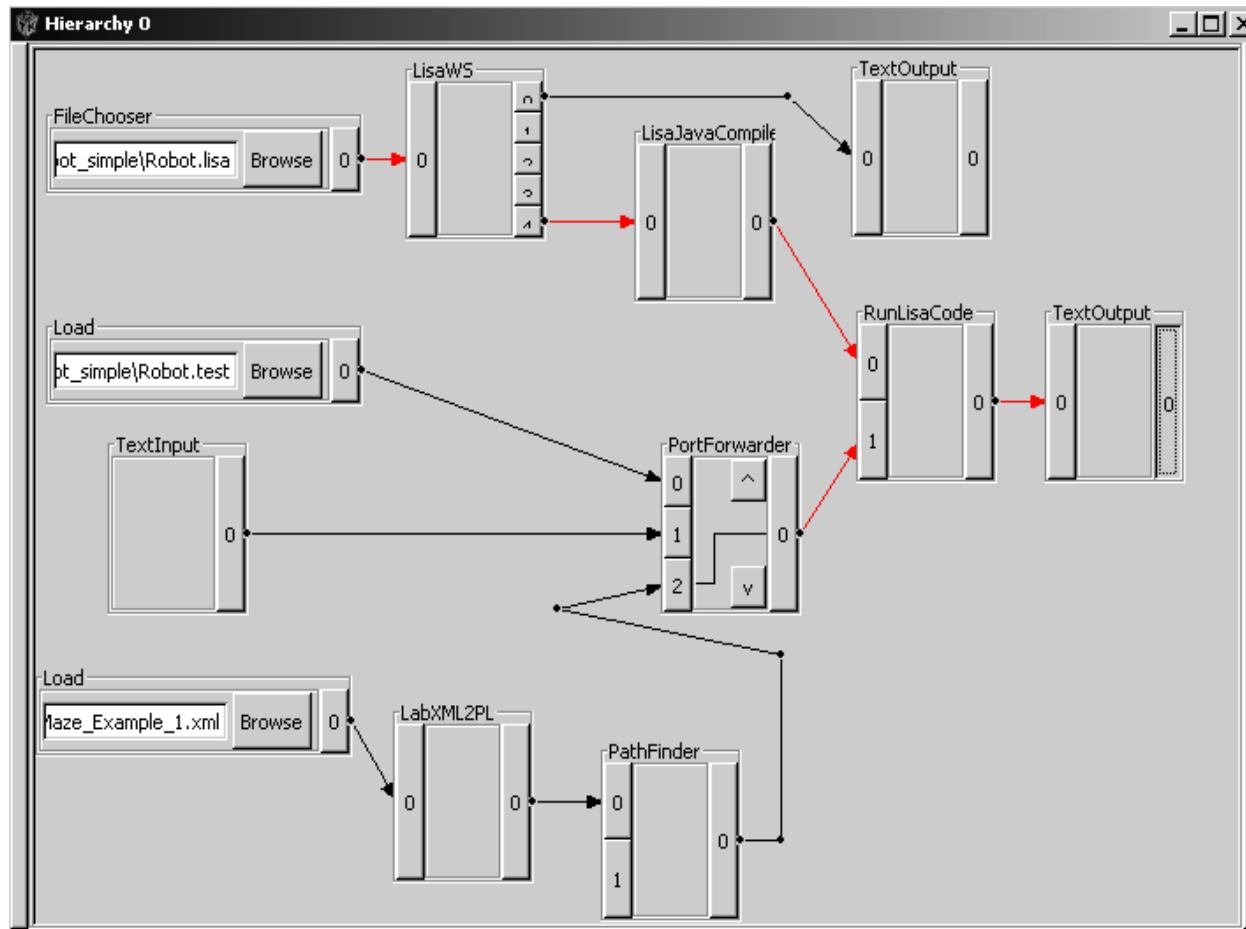
3:2 Hierarchy Box



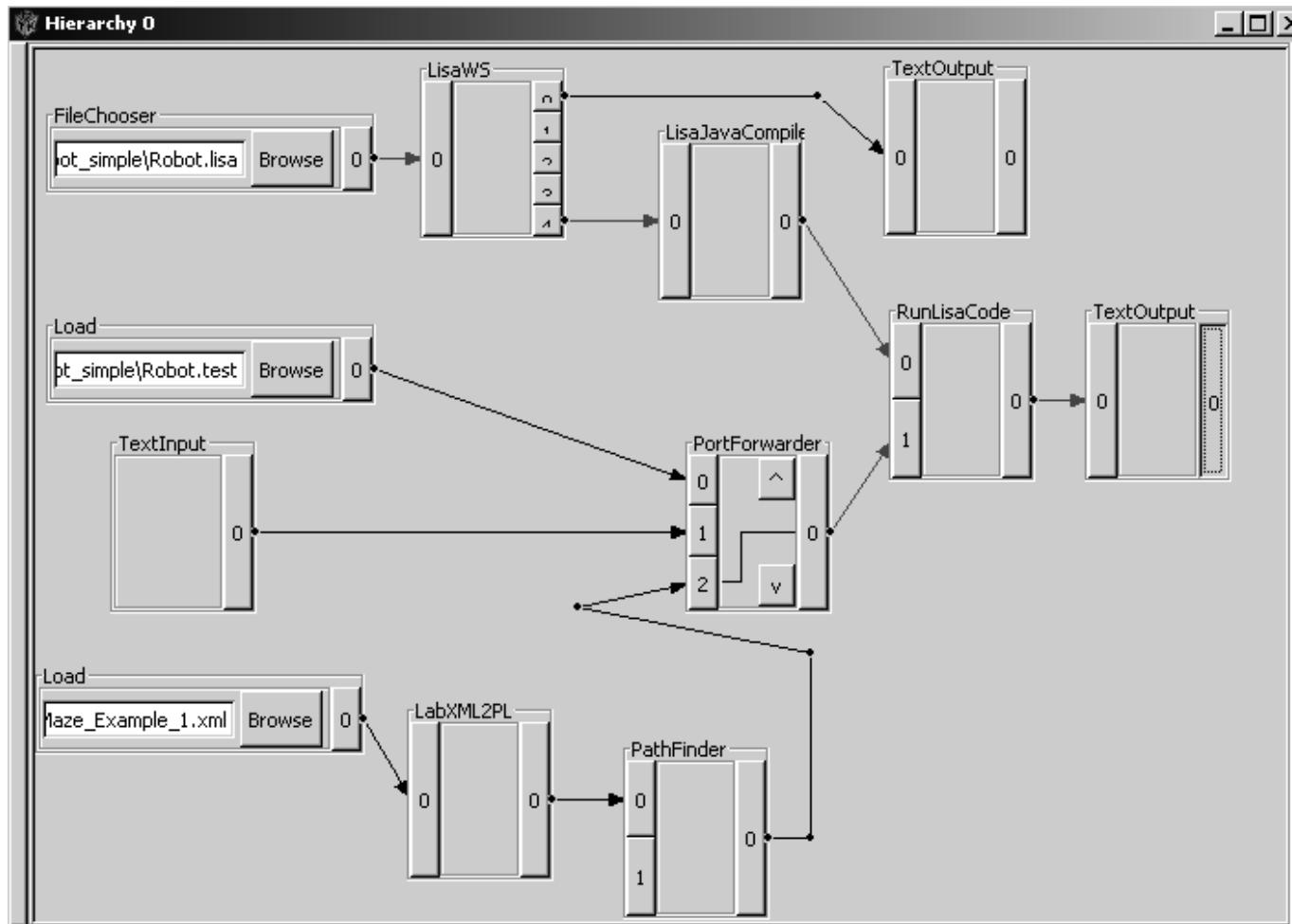
- Inherit from box
- Add an Id Box for both, Input and Output ports
- Override Properties to access to ports (refer to Id Boxes)
- Add representation with a net drawing area and generate lists of buttons depending on inputs / outputs



Trane in action



Trane in action



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Future Work

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- Integration of Stratego, and many more boxes

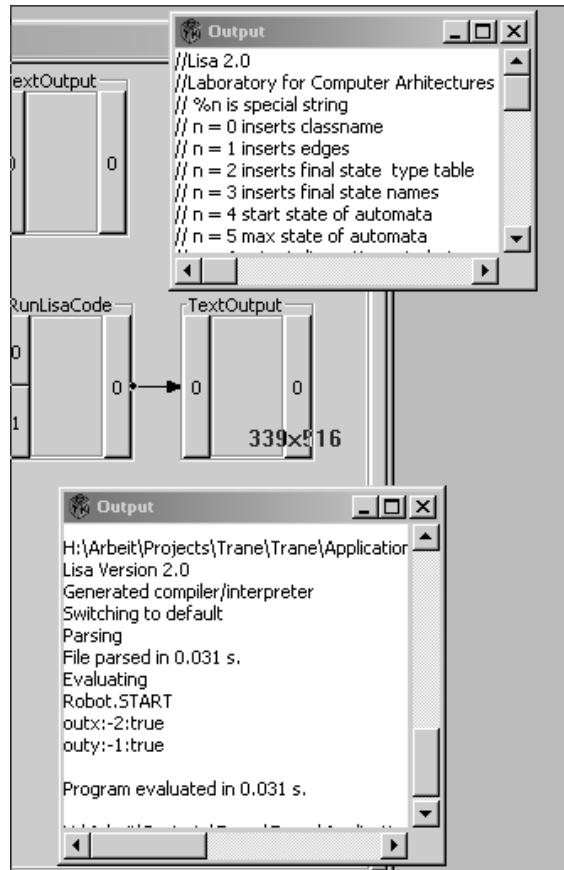
Why does it work?

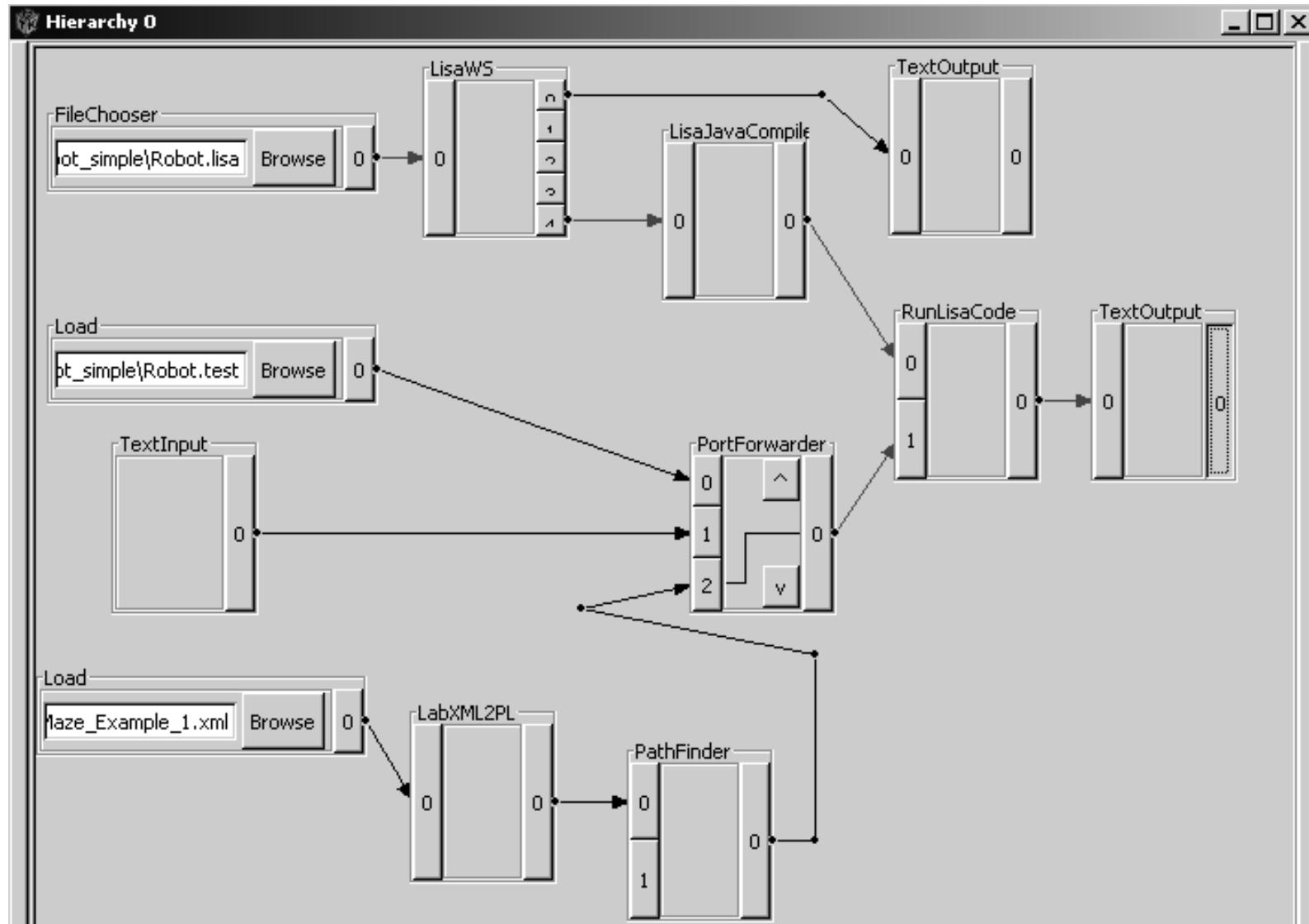
- Every transformation is wrapped in a subclass of *Transformation*, which provides a common interface to interact
- Wrapping is relatively easy due to .NET
- Computation is done using graph traversal
- Values are propagated through converters (also transformations)

Transformation nets

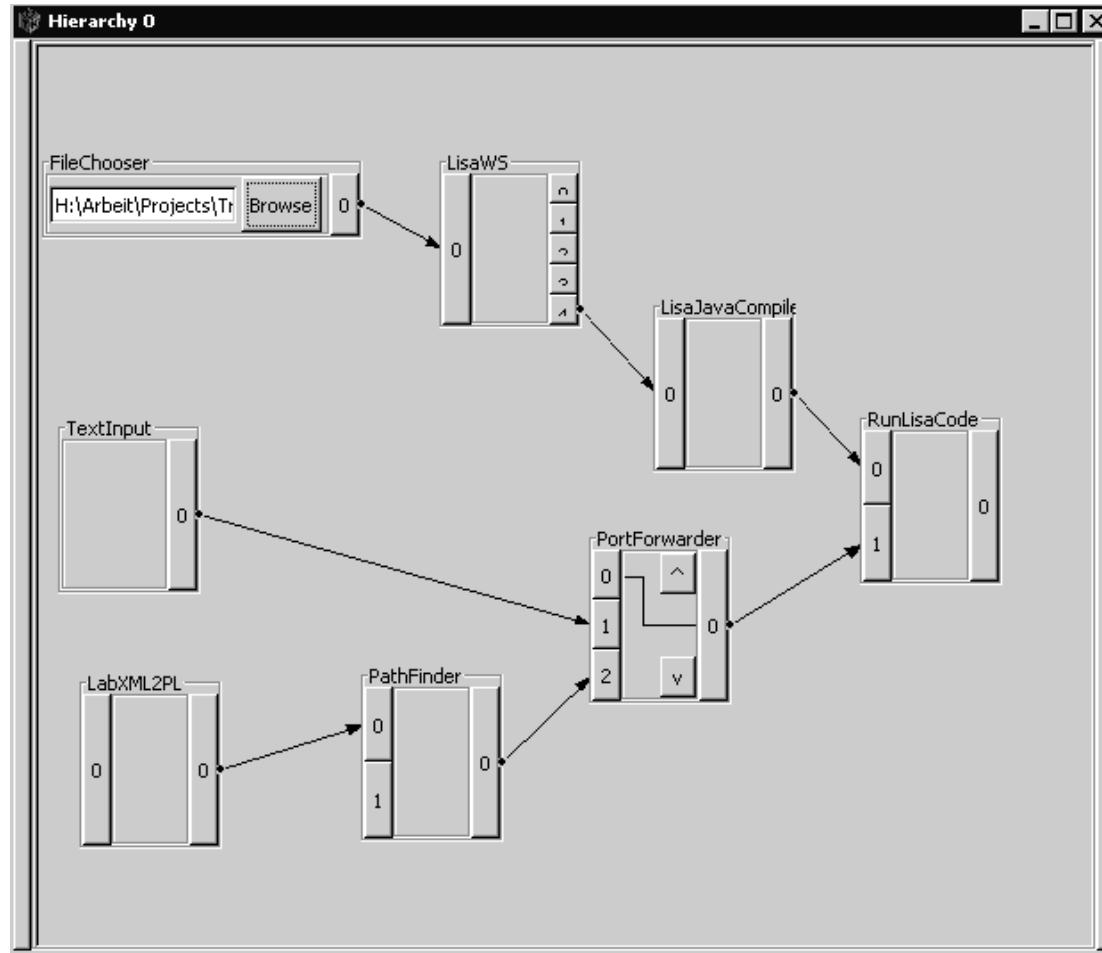
- Boxes have typed input and / or output ports
- Representation is generated or user defined
- Open plugin system: extensible by new transformations at run-time, no configuration files are needed

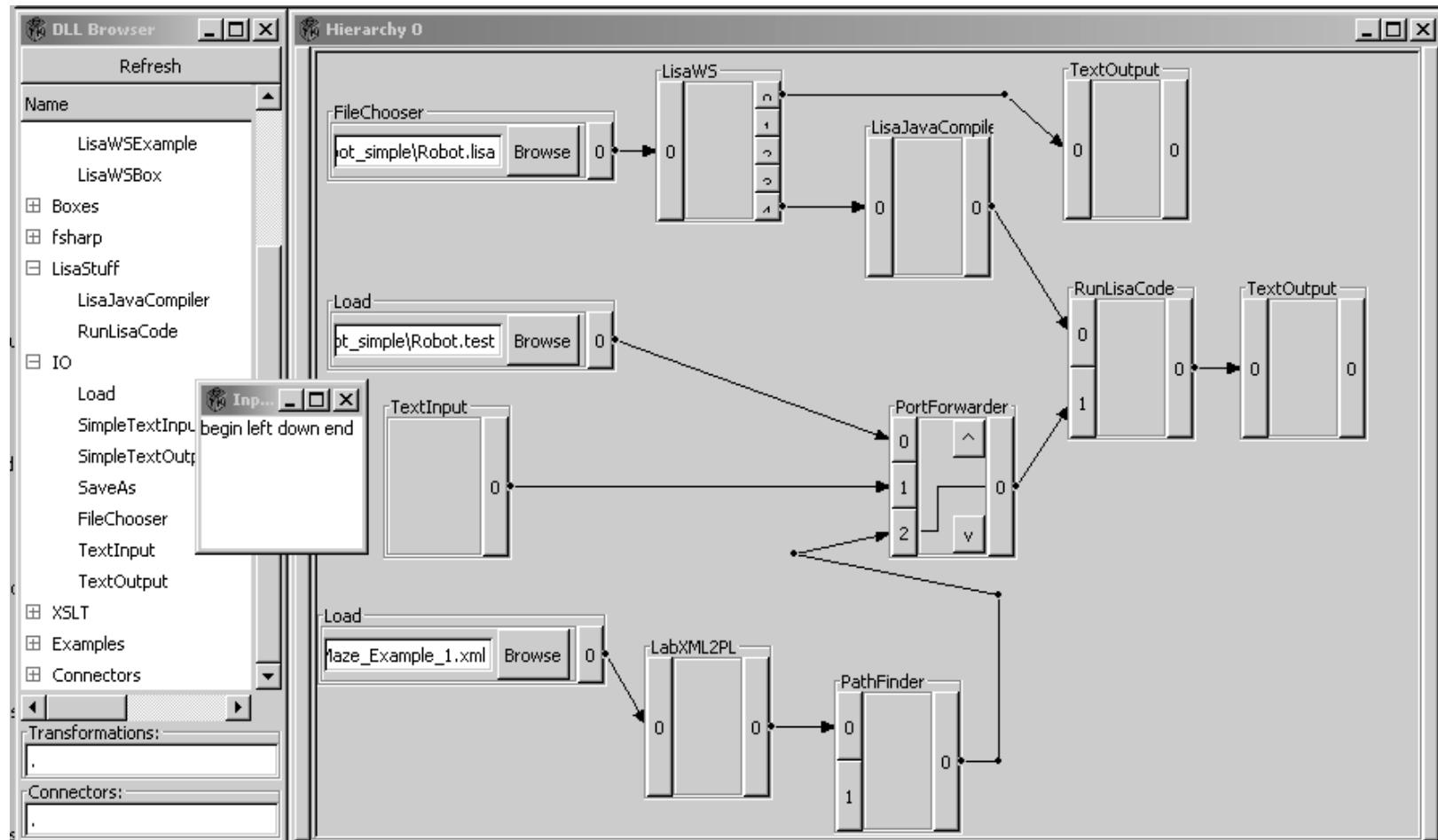
Generated or designed look





Transformation nets





What we did...

